SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: Actual problems of the relationship between international and domestic law in the protection of human rights and freedoms: the example of the Republic of Azerbaijan

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The relevance of the subject of research. Analysis of the interaction of international and domestic law is important for the modern era. Interaction of international and domestic law is particularly important in the context of globalization. In general, it should be noted that international law and domestic law are interrelated. This is primarily due to the fact that in entering into the international system, each state assumes obligations under international law, and this, in turn, is reflected in the national sphere. Starting point and ultimate goal is to guarantee the rule of law the rights and freedoms of man and citizen. Only in a state of law formed the basis of freedom, justice and universal peace, and human dignity is recognized and protected by public authorities. Human rights relate to individual self-identity, integrity and freedom.

The purpose of the research is staged, and the study of theoretical resolution of legal problems related to the interaction of international and domestic law in the field of human rights protection; to develop proposals for the solution of practical problems in this area, taking into account the need to protect the interests of the Azerbaijan Republic and its citizens.

Said object provides the following range of tasks:

- Define the concept and content of the implementation of international law in the national legal system for the protection of human rights and freedoms;
- To analyze the interaction of international and domestic law in the protection of human rights and freedoms;
- To consider the historical and theoretical aspects of the legal system of the Republic of Azerbaijan;
- Identify common algorithms for solving the problem of conflicts of international and national law in the field of human rights protection;
- Analyze the structure of the domestic implementation mechanism of international legal standards of human rights and freedoms in the Republic of Azerbaijan;
- Highlight features of the legal guarantees of human rights and freedoms in the modern Republic of Azerbaijan.

The object of the research is the set of problems associated with the interaction between international and domestic law in the protection of human rights and freedoms, in contemporary international law and national law of the Azerbaijan Republic.

The subject of the research serve international legal norms associated with the interaction of international and domestic law in protecting human rights and freedoms, as well as legislative efforts to implement international legal guarantees of human rights standards in the modern Republic of Azerbaijan.

Scientific novelty that the protection of human rights one of the forms of interaction between international and domestic law is to prevent and resolve conflicts between them, and there are also practical recommendations that will address existing gaps in the protection of human rights and freedoms.

Structure: consists of an introduction, two chapters, four points, conclusion and bibliography, including sources. The overall workload is sixty four typewritten pages.

Summary: thus, this study suggests that the main route of exposure to international legal norms on the national law is the obligation of States to bring acts of its legislation into conformity with international. Ultimately, Azerbaijan should build its legal system so as to ensure maximum
conditions for the exact fulfillment of its international obligations. And it is possible, if the issue of implementation will be given the same attention as the adoption and ratification of treaties. Improving the efficiency of implementation of international law within the jurisdiction of the Republic of Azerbaijan (in particular international human rights) depends on the timely ratification of major international instruments relating to the relevant area. There are all the necessary political and legal background.