SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: The role of international non-governmental organizations in the international system.

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Relevance of the research issue is determined by the fact that in recent years in almost all countries of the world marked by a veritable explosion associated with the emergence of a large number of international non-governmental organizations (INGOs). All significantly enhances their role in assisting States and intergovernmental organizations in various areas of the international community, in particular, to address such global problems as disarmament, international security, environmental protection, human rights, the fight against hunger and diseases and dangerous etc. Increasing the number of INGOs and their enhanced activity at the international level, as a growing number of INGOs of States and international governmental organizations require scientific development and comprehension.

Despite the growing number of INGOs in the world, to strengthen their role in various areas of the international community, their active engagement and influence on the world political processes the question of the international legal personality of NGOs, their place among the subjects of international law continues to be unresolved, which makes our research more relevance.

Currently, a growing number of states are beginning to realize that in dealing with global problems of the world need to search for new and innovative approaches in many ways, the creation of new and existing coordination mechanisms reorganization actors in world politics. Taking into account the fact that the interaction of the public in the face of INGOs and the problems and the withdrawal of international tension is much faster and more efficient production and further study on the optimization of activities of INGOs and their interaction with other international actors becomes sufficiently relevant.

The purpose of the work is to define the essence, a place and role of the international non-governmental organizations in the modern international processes, studying of various forms and ways of their influence on world politics and identification of the main problems and prospects of their further functioning.

Research objectives:
- to analyse emergence history, essence and the main structural characteristics of the international non-governmental organizations.
- to define specifics of legal status of the international non-governmental organizations and mechanisms of their impact on the international processes.
- to define a place and a role of the international non-governmental organizations in system of the international relations in a context of the humanitarian direction of their activity.
- to systematize political and legal problems of participation of the international non-governmental organizations in modern international processes and to plan possible ways of their decision

Scientific novelty consists in the complex characteristic of a concept "the international non-governmental organizations", identification of the main mechanisms of influence of international non-governmental organizations on the world politics, systematization of actual problems of their political and legal participation in modern international life and the offer of a complex of institutional and legal measures on optimization of their activity in the modern world.

Structure: introduction, two chapters, containing two paragraphs each, conclusion and a 64-reference bibliography (sixteen of which are in English). The total volume of work is 71 pages of typescript.

Summary: In the area of human rights, humanitarian law, environmental protection and many other areas of international cooperation NGOs have limited international legal implemented by obtaining consultative status with intergovernmental organizations, which gives them a practical possibility to directly influence the process of international law-making. Given the practical contribution of INGOs in the development of modern international relations and law, it is appropriate to recognize their international actors, as evidenced in their arsenal of tools of different mechanisms of influence on international developments and foreign policies of individual states.

INGOs main mechanisms influence on global processes are interacting with international intergovernmental organizations; influencing public opinion; direct political pressure on the state. More effective to date is a bond INGOs with intergovernmental organizations, carried out through cooperation, for consultative status and promotes the accelerated resolution of problems and conflict.

In today's world of INGOs have great opportunities to successfully solve pressing problems. However, for the manifestation of their full potential, they needed a legal element of their activities, implemented through international recognition. However, to date, there are several reasons that prevent international recognition of INGOs. First, States are afraid that granting legal status may limit their power. Second, countries see NGOs political tool to achieve their foreign policy goals territory of other states. In addition, the efficiency of their operations negatively affect the absence of other forms of (political and technological) of state support. The most optimal solution to this problem seems to improving relevant legislation at both the international and national levels, and to develop mechanisms for analysis of INGOs and special professional groups exercising control and supervision of these organizations at the state and international law enforcement agencies.