SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: Relations of Russia and China in the modern geopolitical structure of the world

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Relevance of the research issue Russian-Chinese relations have important role in the context of evolution of the world political system. Interaction between Russia (the largest country at the planet and possessing the massive deposits of resource) and China (the biggest population in the world, main production base of the world) can seriously reposition forces.

The modern phase of relations began two decades ago, when countries had been through the inner commotion. Russia changed its political system and lost a lot of territory. China after the student’s riot in 1989 and the collapse of the Soviet Union revised its public policy and chose the market economy to start rapid growth. Nowadays China is highly progressive state, moreover is gradually becoming a superpower.

But despite of their different economical and political level, the modern relations might be called as strategic partnership. Countries have common international organization BRCIS and SOC. In recent years, States develop economic relations, which are caused by the geographical location and the desire to build a trade and partnerships.

Regardless of positive aspects, governments have some contradiction such as different national goals and interests, common zone of influence and economic issues.

The purpose of the work is in outlining major tendency of communication between Russia and China within the modern geopolitical structure of the world

Research objectives:
– Research the modern geopolitical structure of the world
– Detect factors and tendency geopolitical structure of the world
– Determine the role of Russia and China in the modern geopolitical structure of the world
– Analyze current conditions and problems in the Russian-Chinese relations in the light of building the new geopolitical structure of the world
– Analyze the perspective of Russian-Chinese relations as compelled partnership within the new geopolitical structure of the world

Scientific novelty: disclosed the special feature of Russian-Chinese relations, discovered the problem points in the interaction between the two countries and the prospects for further description of the relations between states
**Structure:** the two chapters, containing five paragraphs, the conclusion and a 81-reference bibliography (eleven of which are in foreign languages) and the Appendixes. The total volume is 82 pages.

**Summary:** The positive political interaction gives a wide perspective to make Russian-Chinese relations better. But there are some difficulties in different spheres which can slow down the whole communication between states.

First of all, economical relations are not appropriate for political, monetary mutual contributions of the two countries account for a small amount. Russian-Chinese market is not so big enough.

Russia is eager to develop this part, especially after sanction from the old trade partner (Europe) and fail of oil price. That’s why Chinese vector is extremely important for RF. But China has not such strong interest in it; because of that economic interaction do not develop rapidly.

Also, Russia and China have the contradictions in the Central Asian region. Russia continues to consider this territory as its zone of influence, and afraid of the appearance of loyal regimes capable to shake the security of the southern borders of the country. China, establishes economic ties, offering Central Asian republics to cooperate precisely with Beijing rather than Moscow. With far greater opportunities in this regard, China has been actively lobbying for their interests, systematically forcing Russia out of the region, which, of course, is against Moscow, whose plans for a system of collective security and the development of the central Asia has stagnated, due to the active policy of China.

To sum up, as we can see positive political dialogue between China and Russia should not be misleading, the country will never be allies and friends.