SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: "The Hispanic migration to the USA"

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Relevance of the research issue: In today's globalization process migration flows are characterized by their intensity, lack of control and variety, thus becoming a burning issue to study.

The problem of legal and illegal migration remains important for the USA, so does the necessity to guarantee political, economic, social and border security of the society.

Thus we should pay special attention to the problem of Hispanic migration to the USA (Mexican in particular) and their influence on American policy and economy.

The purpose of the work is problems and prospects of Hispanic migration flows to the USA.

Research objectives:
- explore the concept of migration using different approaches, its functions, consequences and determine their political component;
- classify migration by temporal, spatial, legal criteria, also characterize the main centers of migration flows;
- characterize the major international legal tools of regulating migration relations and activities of international government and non-government organizations relating to migration issues;
- research migration flows of Hispanic population in the USA in the context of historical events and find out reasons for them;
- evaluate the main directions in realization of migration policy of the USA;
characterize political and economic activity of Hispanic population of the USA, determine the prerequisites and tendencies for increasing political activity of Latin Americans by way of analysis of Hispanic participation in presidential elections;

Scientific novelty of the research is as follows:

- using the theoretical works of national and foreign researches we have made an attempt to analyze the concept of migration as it is and to define it as a political constituent;

-migration to the USA is considered as a zone of intersection of cultural, demographical, political and economic processes;

-measures to improve migrational policy and migration services of the USA were introduced.

Structure is subordinated to the solution of the problems of a study and includes: introduction, two chapters, containing three paragraphs each, conclusion, 113 - reference bibliography (18 of which are in foreign languages) and six Appendixes. The total volume is 83 pages.

Summary: Migration is a global phenomenon, that is why it must be carefully studied from demographical, historic, psychological, philosophical, legal, economic, social and other points of view. Depending on spatial, temporal, legal, causal and other criteria migration can be classified as immigration and emigration, seasonal and pendulous, legal and illegal, voluntary and involuntary and depending on political, economic, social, military, ethnic demographical, climatic and other reasons.

All these causes migration of population to highly-developed countries. The most important and largest center of migration is the USA. Despite of the fact that every state has the right to determine their own migration policy, main directions are regulated by law, legal statutes. The Hispanic migration was caused by economic reason in particular. The American policy, especially the US Law concerning the Civil Rights of the 60-70s of the XXth century (with following amendments) has become a determining
factor in involving Latinos in political life of the USA. First of all it concerns Mexican and Cuban societies, whose influence on such political events as elections is becoming more and more important. The US economy is influenced by non-qualified Hispanic immigrants, who have occupied American job market. This labor force is cheap, but it doesn't provide financial profit to the country. At the same time legal Hispanic population demand social security and other benefits from the State.