

SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: Russian-Turkish economic relations in the economic development of the Rostov region: conditions and mechanisms for implementation

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The relevance of the research topic is due to the fact that in the modern geo-economic context, one of the priority factors in the development of the regional economy is its inclusion in world economic relations, the scale and effectiveness of foreign economic activity. The impact of the factors of globalization and meta-regional economic integration on the territorial-economic system of the meso-level is gaining additional impetus in the situation of the frontier and coastal region, which has the potential for outrunning socioeconomic dynamics on the basis of increasing external economic (including cross-border) links.

In the current geopolitical and geo-economic "turn" of Russia and the implementation of the vector of its Eurasian integration, the production, marketing and financial investment potential of the Republic of Turkey, its dynamically growing commodity markets, is one of the most significant foreign economic attractors for the territorial-economic system of Rostov. The need to take into account the multifaceted factors, manifestations and consequences of the dynamics of the "Turkish component" in the external economic complex of the region, the substantiation of priority directions and mechanisms of Russian-Turkish interaction in the interests of ensuring a sustainable, innovatively oriented trend in the Rostov region - initiates this study and determines its relevance.

The object of research is the economy of the Rostov region, a component of its territorial and economic complex, functioning and developing due to the factor of Russian-Turkish cross-border trade and economic relations.

The subject of the study are the conditions and mechanisms for realizing the potential of Russian-Turkish interaction in the strategic management of the development of the regional economy.

The purpose of the work is to identify and assess the "Turkish component" in the economy of the Rostov region, the development of its foreign economic complex and the rationale based on this basis of the priorities and mechanisms for the development of the territorial-economic system of the region, incorporated in the regional management system, on the basis of realizing the potential of Russian-Turkish foreign economic relations.

The theoretical and practical significance of the research is to substantiate the significant impact of the geo-economic "neighborhood" on the development of the economy of the border regions of Russia, and also in identifying the features, priorities and mechanisms for realizing the potential of cross-border linkages in the management of the regional economy.

The rationale for the conditions and mechanisms for the implementation of the "Turkish factor" in the economic development of the Rostov region, presented in the framework of the study, can find practical application in the development (in the Rostov region, in other regions of the South of Russia) of forecast, program and other documents aimed at solving strategic tasks of socio- Economic development of the territory on the basis of realizing the potential of its foreign economic cooperation; In the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Rostov region in the formation of the strategy of Russian-Turkish foreign economic cooperation in the interests of socio-economic development of the region; In the educational process with the improvement of courses in the specialty "Regional Economy".

The scientific novelty of the research consists in the theoretical substantiation and practical verification (on the example of the external economic component of the territorial and economic system of the Rostov region, its segment focused on relations with Turkey), priorities and mechanisms for realizing the potential of transboundary, trans-equatorial relationships in the management of the regional economy in the interests of realizing it Resource and position opportunities and competitive advantages.

Structure of the work. The research work consists of an introduction, two chapters combining 6 paragraphs, conclusions and a bibliographic list of used literature. The amount of work is 86 sheets.

Summary:

The main factors ("metropolitan" territory, export orientation of its economic complex, frontier, including seaside positioning) and features (concentration, fragmentation) of localization of foreign economic activity in the regions of modern Russia were identified; It is theoretically substantiated and empirically demonstrated that cross-border connections are capable of acquiring a trans-equatorial character, and their development is accompanied by transboundary regionalization, including the alignment of asymmetric territorial-economic systems of the centrally-peripheral type; Established (based on the combination of economic and socio-cultural factors) regions of Russia, the most priority from the perspective of actual and potential Russian-Turkish economic cooperation.

Identify the trend, structure and institutional basis of foreign economic relations of the Rostov region with Turkey, the degree to which they correspond to the priorities for the development of regional and national economies; The "Turkish component" of the territorial and economic dynamics of the Rostov region was identified, its most important components (foreign trade, transport and logistics, ethno-economic) were identified.