

SUMMARY

Subject matter of the dissertation: «The stimulation of sustainable development of recreational area in bodies of state power and local self-government (On CMW Region example.)»

Author of the master's dissertation: Popova Chrisoula Aristotelevna

Scientific supervisor of the master's dissertation: doctor of pedagogical Sciences, Professor A. C. Babayan

Customer organization: government city of Caucasian mineral waters

Topicality of the research:, Permanent increase of technogenic and anthropogenic load on the environment that is observed during the last decades makes conditional upon an inevitable decline in the sustainability of socio-economic systems of any territorial level. The most efficient and comprehensive solutions of these tasks is the promotion of sustainable development of territorial units.

Provided that, this issue is importance for the development of recreation areas, it's potential is directly related with the provision of socio-ecological-economic balance in these areas that actualizes a chosen research topic.

Objective is the creation of forms and methods of promoting the sustainable development of recreational areas in a worsening of the ecological-economic contradictions

Tasks:

to explore the essence and the form of the promotion of sustainable territorial development,

to consider the key features of sustainable development recreation areas, state authorities and local self-government,

to identify the prerequisites for sustainable development in the region of CMW as the base for the formation mechanism of stimulation,

to determine the main environmental problems in the region of CMW as a key factor impeding sustainable development,

to analyze the state of the system to promote sustainable development in the region of CMW,

to justify the implementation of the cluster approach to promote sustainable development of recreational areas in the bodies of local self-government

Theoretical and practical significance of the research: Contained in the statements and conclusions are represented a contribution to the development of the methodology of the cluster organization of the territorial socio-ecological-economic systems. Practical significance of the research lies in the possibility of using methodological approaches that are contained in the work, in the process of improving the management process of territorial development of recreational areas, as well as medical organizations and tourism.

Results of the research:

1. Under the promotion of sustainable development of the region should understand the process of activation of the motives of the state and municipal authorities motives of activity of subjects of regional socio-ecological-economic system, aimed at achieving the objectives of sustainable development of the territory.

2. Sustainable development of recreational region implies that equilibrium had been reached in the process of realization of economic, environmental, socio-cultural goals of regional development, which is taken into account the interests of all stakeholders in this process, the parties, and based on rational management of natural resources.

3. The combination of recreational resources and tools, knowledge, and skills of its transformation with the use of innovative approaches is formed the recreational potential of the area, which is the basis for its sustainable development.

4. The achievement of an optimum variant of sustainable regional development means that all components of the system function harmoniously balanced, stable, have a competitive advantage, they introduced innovative technologies, security, they are characterized by a balance between social, economic and environmental spheres without domination or harm

5. Sustainable development of the region on the basis of the concept of recreational use of nature is achieved by finding balance and eliminate the contradictions between social, economic and environmental elements of the system of nature. The concept of development of recreational use of nature must have a geographical study and to take regional characteristics into account and be based on recreational and ecological potential recreation site.

6. One of the obstacles to sustainable development in the region of CMW is complex environmental problems for over a fairly long period typical for the area. As a result of increased load on the surrounding area in the region of CMW, the share of ecologically intact areas it decreased to approximately 6-7%, while in specially protected eco-resort region, it should be at least 50%.

7. Environmental benefits are in the nature of public goods, so initially, the market mechanisms that create incentives for the implementation of sustainable development principles should be combined with administrative forms stimulate this development.

8. One of the key tasks, during the formation of cluster formations, is the design of mechanisms for continuous monitoring and regulation of the processes of sustainable development of the region.

Recommendations:

To create a network of observation wells, each of which will be installed sensors temperature, pressure, salinity.

To form a cluster of sustainable development in the region of CMW.

To improve the model of territorial management, environmental.