SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: Modern international non-governmental organizations as part of the second channel diplomacy.

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The relevance of the study: Due to the increasing role of international non-governmental organizations in world politics. Performance of civil institutions and the expansion of instrumental arsenal of non-governmental organizations (NGOs) are current topics of discussion in academic and political circles in many countries. As noted in the legal literature, NGO activity and sustained upward trend as a characteristic feature of the present stage of human development, leads to the popularity of NGOs in the eyes of governments and inter-governmental organizations.

At the beginning of the XXI century the structure of world politics quickly becomes complicated. Increasingly important role in world politics begin to play NGO's. By the beginning of the third millennium, a global non-governmental organization had deservedly and lawfully established themselves as global actors in international relations. With the development of complexity on the subject of multilateral negotiations on issues of environmental protection, climate change, genetic engineering, has led an active role of non-governmental organizations in these areas. In this regard, it appears that the study of the role and significance of international non-governmental organizations in world politics - an urgent need of modern political science. To date, world politics is in a state of transformation. This is due not only to the processes of globalization, but also active participants in the activities of the new international relations. Such participants, unlike States actors called "free of sovereignty." Of course, one should not assume that the role of the nation state has weakened, but it should be noted that NGOs are much more active in conduct of their activities in the field of international relations, since they are not bound by any obligations, traditions and international legal responsibility of non-governmental organizations from different countries.

With the fragmentation of international relations there are always new actors and, in turn, a need to create new formats of international cooperation. The fragmentation of world politics reflects concepts such as "citizen diplomacy", "paradiplomacy" and "non-governmental diplomacy." All of these terms encompass the same phenomenon. But opinions about these concepts considered by many experts disagree. And so it is necessary to continue to study the role of non-state actors in contemporary world politics and the main directions of their activities. In today's global political process non-governmental organizations (NGOs) play an increasingly important role. They are able to influence other countries and people through the exchange of ideas, organization of joint actions, the activities of media, study, etc.

The role of NGOs is constantly growing in world politics especially in those areas of international cooperation, which were considered "protected area" official diplomacy. NGOs came to the global level with their rights and responsibilities, took their institutionalization in the internal and external policies of the "third sector". Actually formed World NGO environment. Many countries discuss their role in the development of communication platforms for integration processes both domestically and globally. It’s undeniable that NGOs have a significant impact on the formation of the Euro-Asian socio-civic environment. However, the activity of many local and international non-governmental organizations is a threat to national and regional security, which also updates the research topic chosen by us. The purpose of research is to study modern INGOs and their role in world politics as a second channel diplomacy.

Research objectives:

- explore the concept, types, functions and features of INGOs;
- consider the main channels of diplomacy;
– explore the mechanisms of INGOs on contemporary world politics;
– investigate the mechanism of influence on domestic policy of CIS countries;
– identify the role played by foreign NGOs in the institutionalization of the Russian public diplomacy;
– examine the impact of non-governmental diplomacy on the development of Russian-American relations.

Scientific novelty of the study. In this thesis work studied non-state actors in international relations, which operate on the development of cooperation and understanding of countries and peoples. The evolution of forms and areas of cooperation between non-governmental organization of the United States and the Soviet Union, which played a major role in world politics as a tool of soft power. The basic political motivations of people and countries to create new non-governmental organization for international cooperation.

Structure: The work consists of an introduction, two chapters, six paragraphs, conclusion, bibliography, and comprised 124 of them - 36 names of foreign authors and 2 applications. The total amount of the course work is 95 typewritten pages.

Summary: Currently, NGOs have become sufficiently popular. Popularity is due to the fact that they, as spokesmen of public opinion, promote the formation of civil society. However, in fact, much of it, in fact, turned into a continuation of government agencies in several countries. Non-governmental organizations - a unique tool for direct dialogue with the public, and the amplitude of the application of this instrument is truly unlimited. Just look at the series of coups and turmoil in the states of Serbia and Ukraine to Syria and Libya. It should be recalled that a characteristic feature of the political world order is the twenty-first century global information warfare. Geopolitical position in the international arena, the extent of its influence on world events depends not only on the economic and military power. Growing importance of the information factor: the ability to effectively influence the intellectual capacity of other countries to disseminate and implement the public consciousness of the population. Certain spiritual and ideological values, transforms and undermines the traditional values of the nation and the people.

A significant number of non-governmental actors can justifiably be regarded as an integral part of modern diplomacy, if we understand the diplomatic communication system of the international community. Many organizations and individuals come into the international arena, by passing the state apparatus. The result is a so-called "paradipomacy" (ie civil... or non-governmental diplomacy). Their work has obvious advantages: flexibility, mobility, initiative, sensitivity to changing conditions, as well as knowledge on the ground. In their potential there is more opportunities to make contact with their environment. These organizations activate social initiative people and minimize inter-ethnic conflicts. Obviously, the development, empowerment, influence and activity of non-governmental organizations will lead to a radical change in the entire system of international relations.