SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: “Prevention of female terrorism in student community”
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Key words: terrorism, female terrorism, prevention of terrorism, conflicts in students community, students community, prevention of terrorism in students community, motivation of terrorists, recruitment to terrorist organizations, conflict factors of participation in terrorist activities.

Relevance of the research issue is based on the fact that the distinguishing feature of modern terrorist attacks is the participation of young women. The effectiveness of the process of involving women in the activity of terrorist organizations is largely depends not only on contemporary political processes, the social status of women but also on the presence of conflict background. In this regard, preventive measures aimed at reducing conflict factors and the development of positive relationships within the social group have a particular significance.

The purpose of the work is to develop the programme of prevention of female terrorism in student community.

Research objectives:
1. describe the essence of modern terrorism;
2. research the phenomenon of female terrorism;
3. research the determinants of women's participation at terrorist activities;
4. to create a programme to reduce conflict factors and develop positive relationships in the student environment;
5. to study the effectiveness of the implementation of methods for the prevention of female terrorism.
**Hypothesis of the research.** Prevention of female terrorism in the student community will be more effective if we organize a teamwork based on the knowledge of conflicts resolution.

**The inferences to be defended:**

1. Terrorism has desconstructive features, the main goal of modern terrorism is to destabilize the society by intimidating and destroying the authority of the current government;

2. There is a noticeable increase in the involvement of women in terrorist organizations;

3. Since the 20th century, in terrorist organizations women play the role of the aggressor and the victim, in case of participating in terrorist acts as a result of blackmail, intimidation or coercion. Sometimes women terrorists can be not only the performers, but also organizers, leaders and ideologists;

4. Women terrorists can be classified due to their motives, reasons for joining an organization, the type of aggression, their asociality or antisociality;

5. The personality of terrorists is formed not only under the influence of social, economic and political factors, but is also inseparably linked with the rise in conflict factors in their daily life and the absence of positive relationships;

6. In order to reduce conflict factors and to develop positive relationships in the student community, it is necessary to develop a programme for the prevention of female terrorism in the educational environment.

The theoretical and practical significance of the study is based on the possibility of using the obtained results as the initial stage of an in-depth study on the prevention of female terrorism. Some materials can be used in research and teaching activities such as classes on political science, conflicts resolution, psychology, geopolitics and special courses. Some parts of the work can be used by educational institutions to work on correcting the psychological characteristics
of students, as well as for establishing communication within a group of students.

Due to the necessity, we offer the creation of a programme for the prevention of female terrorism in the student community, which includes an educational part dedicated to the problem of terrorism in conjunction with group trainings. Teamwork involves exercises aimed at reducing the conflict factors that push individual students to seek conflictual self-expression.