SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: The role of the Russian Federation in the process of regulating the international capital flow

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Relevance of the research issue: In the context of financial globalization, it is obvious that a detailed study of the phenomenon of capital outflow from Russia and the macroeconomic factors affecting it is necessary, since an accurate identification of the latter will help to determine more clearly the necessary set of measures and tools for improving the currency regulation system. It is also important to achieve a positive balance between the import and export of capital in the form of direct investment, rationalization of the structure of attracted foreign investment, etc. These factors cause the need to develop effective measures for Russia's participation in the international capital flow, exchange regulation and control, which will be aimed at stabilizing the country's balance of payments and its full involvement in international capital markets.

The purpose is to identify the specifics and mechanisms of the participation of the Russian Federation in the international capital flow and develop proposals for the formation of an effective system for regulating the export of capital from Russia, taking into account new factors and trends in the development of modern global economic ties.

Research objectives:

- consider the concept, essence and theoretical approaches to the development of the concept of international capital flows;

- to specify the forms and methods of state influence on the movement of global financial and investment resources;

- to analyze the international experience of the participation of states in the organization and conduct of currency control

- to consider the formation and development of the system of national currency control in Russia;

- to highlight the features and mechanisms of Russia's participation in the regulation of international capital flows at the present stage;
- to specify the problems and prospects for Russia's participation in the process of regulating the international capital flow.

**Scientific novelty:** the rationale for principles and directions for improving the mechanisms of Russia's participation in the international capital flow and the development of a set of measures to improve the stability of the Russian system of currency regulation in the conditions of the current anti-Russian economic sanctions.

**Structure:** introduction, 2 chapters, 6 paragraphs, conclusion, bibliographic list consisting of 98 sources, including 22 of them in foreign languages, 4 applications. The total amount of work is 85 pages of typewritten text.

**Summary:** “The international movement of capital is an objective process that reflects the current processes and needs of the development of the world economic system. The main factor that determines the activation of the international capital movement is financial globalization, in the conditions of which a single financial and information space is formed and the integration of national financial markets into a single global market. The result is an unprecedented growth of the international capital market and a significant complication of its structure, accompanied by very significant risks for the states of the emergence of crisis phenomena. To overcome this problem, it is necessary to develop and apply a system of integrated measures aimed at the effective regulation of the export of capital from the country's economy.

The export of capital is becoming a characteristic trend in the development of the world economy, which contributes to a rethinking of its influence on the development of the Russian economy. The continuing problem of capital flight from the Russian economy, which resulted from the anti-Russian economic sanctions and other macroeconomic factors, necessitates the development of effective measures for Russia's participation in the international capital flow, currency regulation and control that will be aimed at stabilizing the country's balance of payments and its full involvement in international Capital markets.