

SUMMARY

The theme: The role of international organizations in the settlement of the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict

The author of the paper is Asriyants T.O

Scientific adviser: Vartumyan A.A. doctor of political science, professor of , conflict resolution studies, public relations and journalism department.

Organization: The Institute of International Relationships; the conflict resolution studies, public relations and journalism department; Pyatigorsk State Linguistic University.

Relevance of a subject of research, it is caused by special value of search of mechanisms of a resolution of conflict in Nagorno-Karabakh. For all the time of existence of the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict attempts were repeatedly made from the international governmental organizations for search of the solution of the arisen problem, however they didn't make success. Certainly, conflicting parties won't manage to settle this conflict independently, without intervention of the world community.

As object of research activity of the international organizations in settlement of an ethno-political conflict in Nagorno-Karabakh acts.

Subject of research are functional and methodological approaches of the international organizations in settlement of the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict (CSCE, OSCE, EU, SE, OIK).

Work purpose: the real work sets as the purpose disclosure and an assessment of efficiency of activity of the international governmental organizations in conflict settlement in Nagorno-Karabakh.

Tasks:

- to define theoretical-methodological bases of settlement of the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict on the example of activity of the Minsk CSCE/OSCE group;
- to reveal a UN role in the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict;
- to study activity of the European Union and the Council of Europe and their participation in peace process;

- to define the Organization Islamic Conference (OIC) role in a legal resolution of conflict.

Theoretical and practical importance of research: results of research allow to estimate a current state of the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict in a context of activity of the Minsk OSCE group that can form the initial scientific-theoretical basis for search of optimum option of permission of the Nagorno-Karabakh conflict. The practical importance of final qualification work consists in possibility of use of materials and results of works in educational process when lecturing and carrying out seminar classes in political science, the theory of the international relations, to ethnopolitical conflicts.

Structure of final qualification work: two chapters, 4 paragraphs, the conclusion, the bibliography numbering 93 sources and three appendices. Total number aged man 61.