SUMMARY
Final qualification work on a subject:
"Modern political conflicts and ways of their settlement (on the example of the conflict in modern Ukraine)"
The author: Zelensky Artem Vladimirovich
Organization customer: OOO «Aisberg»
P. 72, bibliographer. 73.

Keywords: conflict, political conflicts, interstate political conflict, international political conflict, war, conflict settlement, Ukraine, political crisis.

Relevance of a subject of research. The problem of the political conflict was one of the most pressing issues of our time: in particular, we see how the political conflict in Ukraine has divided the once unified country on political preferences, has caused economic and social upheaval, led Ukraine is practically in a deadlock. The result of the increased political activity of the masses in Ukraine, questioned the legitimacy of the existing political power. When the political elite of the country lose the trust of the General population, is lost when handling political, economic and other processes, and the political system of the country is destabilized, there comes a stage of unresolved conflict, which threatens to lead to the collapse of the political independence of Ukraine.

Relevance of a subject of research increases because of political opposition with official Kiev when at the moment in the Russian-Ukrainian relations conflict tendencies dominate.

Research objective is the analysis of the main theoretical concepts of political conflict and develop practical recommendations to resolve the political conflict (for example conflict in modern Ukraine).

Research problems:
- to explore the paradigm of conflict in political science,
- to study the classification of political conflicts
- identify core technologies to settle political conflicts in an international environment;
- to develop practical recommendations to resolve the political conflict in contemporary Ukraine.

The theoretical and practical importance of research consists in possibility of application of provisions and conclusions of the thesis in higher education institutions when reading courses on conflictology, the international relations and public relations and journalism. The theoretical importance of final qualification work is that the theoretical analysis concluded in it allows to define more precisely problems of the modern world in a foreshortening of manifestations of political conflicts, to use recommendations about settlement of political conflicts by interested parties.

Results of the research. Investigated the typology of political conflicts; the essence of political conflict inter-state (international) and domestic character; the analysis of the characteristics of the settlement of the political conflict of an international character; the General principles of settlement of the political conflict (in Ukraine).

Recommendations:
1. Given that the Russian side on the basis of a legitimate referendum restored the status quo on the Crimean Peninsula and the Ukrainian side does not recognize the voluntary annexation of the Crimean people to Russia, should the Russian side insist on the establishment of an international Commission, that:
   - recognizes that the transfer of this territory to the Ukrainian SSR in 1954 was held with violations of article 15 of the universal Declaration of human rights adopted by the UN General Assembly on 10 December 1948, which States: "no One shall be arbitrarily deprived of his
nationality or the right to change his nationality", with violations of Soviet (which existed at the time) legislation, no decision of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR and a General referendum.

- declare the reasons and causes of conflict that relate to the disputed territory.

2. It is desirable to institutionalize the conflict, which is an important step in the settlement procedure, as it is at this stage defines the General rules for the conflicting parties and the General principles of conflict resolution.

3. Seek to legitimize the conflict, i.e. try to find understanding among the conflicting parties of the need to observe the rules and regulations in the interest of all.

4. To conduct analytical work on the basis of the international Commission with the aim of structuring the conflicting parties. We are talking about the identification of additional actors to the conflict, as concerned in the conflict, as well as identifying the quantitative and qualitative composition of participants;

5. To strive for the reduction procedure, which means the transfer of the conflict to another level that will help to reduce its intensity gradually weaken.

6. To the measures that have been taken at the highest level about the political conflict in Ukraine, which is beyond the state boundaries and led to the aggravation of Russian-Ukrainian relations, we recommend you to take information measures for debunking the myth on a global scale, the aggression of Russia against Ukraine, occupation of Crimea and Donbas. For this you need an adequate information support from the objective historical data. Such programs with the participation of Russian politicians are common on Russian television, for example, the transfer of "Tonight", "Freedom and justice", "First Studio", etc. on the First channel; "live", "News", "Duel", etc. on the TV channel "Russia" etc. In our view, it is additionally necessary to transfer historical and educational nature that will familiarize the youth of the population with the history of Crimea, history of mining towns of Ukraine, where the bulk of the population is Russian – speaking.

7. To create a demilitarized zone stretching from 50 to 70 kilometers between the territory controlled by the Kiev authorities and the Donbass republics. This will reduce the risk of exposure to the shelling of the civilian population;

8. On the basis of agreements with European countries to make the granting of the Eastern regions of Ukraine more autonomy;

9. Continue to adhere to the statement that Russia is ready to act as guarantor of the implementation of any agreement reached between the Donbass republics and the Ukrainian government;

10. To provide expert assessment of the objective condition of the external environment in which the conflict develops. This can be the objective conditions that will facilitate the institutionalization of conflict or "external" factors, for example, from the developers of "color revolutions";

11. Express a willingness to consent to the implementation of on-site short-term monitoring missions of the OSCE with the purpose of checking the movement of people and goods across the Ukrainian-Russian state border of Russia. To urge Ukraine to take similar measures.

12. To insist with the participation of Russia, EU and USA in resolving the Ukrainian crisis based on the principles of decentralization of power in Ukraine and guarantee the rights of linguistic minorities.