SUMMARY

The theme: «Social protest as a form of social conflict in contemporary (modern) Russia»

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The relevance of the research work: In recent social phenomena associated with the dissatisfaction of citizens, expressed in the form of public protests, received a new direction of development in Russia. However, they have a clear tendency to increase intellectual and political resource consumption, and accompanied by a wide public resonance. Today, the problem of social protests in Russia has some connection (relation) with all spheres of society, and is reflected in political decisions of nation (state) and government. Social conflicts get a manifestation (display) in contemporary (modern) Russia. At the moment, it can be argued that Russian society has a significant layer of socially active citizens who are unhappy with how the government react to the basic needs of the society. Active social protests in Russia became common element of political life. Today, Russia is going through a social crisis which causes are varied and it is difficult to assess unambiguously. Changes in social relations are accompanied by an unprecedented expansion of manifestations of conflict. They are involved not only large social groups, but also the whole of the territory as a nationally uniform and inhabited by various ethnic communities. It is the crisis status of society is the generator and the battery at the same time protest movements, and demonstrates that we have a large-scale social conflict first of all.

Thus, the current situation in our country due to many political, economic and other factors dictate new directions for the transformation of the social processes in society. And in this case, some specificity of issues (problem) of social protest requires a situational approach to the study. This is the relevance of the research work.
The object is a social protest as a form of social conflict.

The subject is the social protests in the modern Russian society.

The research purpose is to research and analyze social protest as a form of social conflict in contemporary (modern) Russia.

The research goals are:

1. Research the concept of social protest and social conflict and their relationship.
2. Research the nature of social protests in Russia, and their specificity.
3. Determine the features of the social processes associated with new manifestations of social tensions and social conflicts in modern Russia;
4. Define the role of the state legislative bodies in the context of social tension and social conflict in Russia as an example of the Institute of the Ombudsman in the Kabardino-Balkar Republic.

The research work structure: an introduction, 2 chapters with 4 clauses in each, a conclusion and references with 89 resources. Total volume of the research work is 89 pages.