

SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: The role of intergovernmental organizations in the settlement of the Syrian conflict.

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Relevance of the research issue: Relevance of the research topic. Today, the problem is world-class and international conflict is central to most of the world politics. The problem is obvious, given that the main objective of which is to humanity, lies in the prevention of nuclear war, which will lead to the inevitable death of all mankind. Based on the foregoing, it can be concluded about the fact that the armed clashes and conflicts of any nature can only be seen as an extreme variant of expression of the political sphere of the conflict, its highest point. In the current context of globalization of the international nature of the conflict represents a threat to the world for the simple reason that any conflict from the state, can lead to regional and further along the chain and international. Problems of development of world and global conflicts of interest to all the actors of international relations since the war in the region, including armed conflicts, should be imposed on the world political arena, for the definition of "mutually satisfactory" the current conflict solutions. **The purpose** of the work is in outlining major trends and peculiarities of "color revolutions" in changing foreign policy priorities of states (analyzing the case of Georgia, the Ukraine and Kirgizia).

Thus, the relevance of the chosen research topic is that today strengthens the role of international organizations - as actors in world politics and international relations - in the settlement of the existing state conflicts, regional and global levels. One of the most striking examples of this is now a sharp conflict in the Syrian Arab Republic, which has become one of the main causes of instability in the whole region. Syrian conflict escalated after the firing and, especially, of chemical weapons in the suburbs of Damascus (Province of Eastern Guta) against civilians by government forces. As a result of bloody clashes several thousand civilians have been killed. And, of course, the international community, including various international organizations, could not remain indifferent and do not respond to "these events in the SAR", as in this case, took into account the fact of violation of international humanitarian law. The relevance of this topic also lies in the fact that the Syrian conflict is transnational in nature, and, on this basis, an important role, if not the main, it was given to MPS.

Accordingly, the present argument and declared the problem have both scientific and theoretical and practical significance.

Objective:

mechanisms and forms of participation of intergovernmental organizations in the settlement of the Syrian conflict.

Research objective:

- to characterize intergovernmental organizations as an object of political analysis;
 - define the concept and nature of international conflict;
 - to identify the forms of participation of international organizations in the resolution of international conflicts;
 - to analyze the causes and nature of the Syrian conflict;
 - to identify the role of international intergovernmental organizations in the settlement of the Syrian conflict;
- define the role of Russia in the inter-governmental organizations in the settlement of the Syrian conflict.

Scientific novelty consists in the fact that conducted systematic and comprehensive analysis of the role of intergovernmental organizations in the settlement of the Syrian conflict, as well as Russia's participation in this process. In addition, through the study of the Russian factor in the conflict in Syria proves raising Russia's status as one of the leading countries in the world, capable of influencing the global and regional political processes.

The structure of the thesis reflects the logic of the study, and is subject to the decision of tasks. The work consists of an introduction, two chapters, including three each section, conclusion and bibliography of references containing 130 sources, including 64 foreign languages. The total volume of the work is 129 pages of typewritten text.

Summary: As a special political relations, international conflicts are phenomena that have their own structure and development process. However, these conflicts in one form or another interact with the system, the structure and process of international relations in general, arise and evolve according to the laws of the system environment.

One possible way to take part of international organizations in resolution of conflict broke out - especially if the conflict is an armed character and threatens world security in general - is the fact that such an organization is able to use the existing political and, at the same time, legal methods of settlement. Thus, the civil war in Syria, as a factor of instability in the region, was the beginning of active work of international institutions in the country, it has become a kind of impulse to the process of resolving this crisis. Citing as an example of "civil war" in the SAR, we were able to make a significant impact on individual states the decision-making process throughout the organization and were able to prove the increasing and important role of international intergovernmental organizations in the world today.

Among the ways of peaceful resolution and even termination of the conflict erupted most preferred peace talks, which are held at the diplomatic level, the representatives of the parties involved. Such methods are the best and most appropriate way able to quickly solve the problem and come to a mutually beneficial achievements, since they are able to react quickly to the situation. All the more so as the international organizations and diplomacy, they are guided and have, can give assurance of compliance with all international norms, adherence the

principles of equality and compliance with all requirements in the settlement of conflicts.

These mechanisms are used to resolve disputes, both political and often legal. Finding a compromise - one of the main tasks of international organizations at this stage. It should be noted that these international actors in world politics as an intergovernmental association can begin to resolve the conflict with the date of its direct fire, so by not allowing its proliferation and prevent further development, especially if the conflict could become a threat to the entire international security whole.