

## SUMMARY

**Subject of the thesis:** Chinese –American relations: current situation and prospects

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**Relevance of the research issue:** Relations between the U.S. and China always were uneasy. The history of US-China relations is a continuous series of stages of exacerbation or smoothing bilateral conflicts, domination elements of competition or cooperation, delay or intensification of cooperation. With all the diversity of the interaction of these two states, until recently, one factor has remained constant - the disparity of their comprehensive national power of emerging military and economic potential, as well as "soft power." The lack of parity in their bilateral relations and the different opportunities projecting its influence on regional and global levels.

**The purpose** of the work was the study of the state and prospects of relations between the U.S. and China, clarification of the possible ways of conflict and areas of cooperation between the two countries.

**Research objectives:**

- Identify the main approaches to the study of problems bilateral relations;
- To determine the place and role of Asia Pacific for U.S. foreign policy and the PRC;
- Identify the main differences in the sphere of trade and economy between the two countries;
- To evaluate the current dynamics and prospects of relations in the military sphere.

**Scientific novelty:** Based on analysis of U.S. national security strategy and foreign policy of China, the comparative analysis of the role and place of the Asia-Pacific region in the foreign policies of the two countries in the context of the growing opposition in this area.

**Structure:** the two chapters, containing four paragraphs, the conclusion and a 109-reference bibliography (fourteen of which are in foreign languages) and the one Appendixes. The total volume is 82 pages.

**Summary:** Observed in the last decade, strengthening comprehensive strength of China is accompanied by the activation of its foreign policy. At the heart of foreign policy and foreign economic activities in different regions of Beijing lies the task of expanding its presence. Active, the offensive line behavior Beijing often leads to an open or latent rivalry for regional sphere of influence with other world powers. First of all, it concerns the rivalry with the United States that have extensive interests across the globe and are unwilling to give up their positions not only globally, but also regionally.

Speaking about competition United States and China, in any case, can not be ignored historical evidence of the inevitable competition between established global leaders and is rapidly developing a new center of power. At the same time, analyzing the problems of the US-China relationship should also pay attention to the changed as a result of globalization and growing interdependence of the nature of international relations.

Problems clarify the prospects of bilateral relations between the U.S. and China is bound, first, to the refinement of potential military conflict between the two countries, and, secondly, refine scenarios for economic relations between the U.S. and China.

Ironically, it was the economic rivalry between the two countries that resulted from the economic cooperation and the growing interdependence of economies, remains deterrent mutual aggression between the two countries, and a factor in stimulating the development of the bipolar world and thereby stimulating confrontation between Washington and Beijing. On what will be the dialectic of economic relations between the two countries, thus, depends largely on the fate of world politics.