

SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: Organized crime and the fight against it as a vector of contemporary world politics.

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Relevance of the research issue: In recent years has acquired special relevance problem of transnational organized crime. This is primarily due to the peculiarities of the geopolitical position of our country. In modern conditions Russia has become a kind of a transit area for the transport of weapons, drugs, illegal movement of migrants, stolen vehicles, etc. There are processes which are often not previously encountered: transnationalization of organized crime, increasing the number of refugees, internally displaced persons, illegal migrants. To solve these problems can only Russia in cooperation with other states.

The purpose of the work is a study of organized crime and mechanisms to counter it in the modern world politics.

Research objectives:

- to show the multiplicity of actors of world politics;
- to consider organized crime as a threat to the stability of international development;
- to consider the classification of international crimes;
- to consider the institutional mechanism of cooperation of states in the fight against crime;
- to show the conventional mechanism for cooperation among states in combating crime.

Scientific novelty is to develop a theoretical framework for combating organized crime. For this purpose identified and analyzed criminological important regional factors determining organized crime and criminal activities; proposed criminological characteristics of individual activities of organized criminal groups, presents the directions to counter them; formulate mechanisms for combating organized crime; developed and refined conceptual framework to combat organized crime: in particular, to the author's definition combating organized crime, object and subject of countermeasures formulated the principles of combating organized crime.

Structure: The work consists of the introduction, two chapters, which include five paragraphs, conclusion, bibliography of used literature containing 96 sources including 10 of them in foreign languages. Total amount of work is 100 pages of typewritten text.

Summary: International crime is an internationally wrongful act results from the breach of an international obligation so essential for the protection of fundamental interests of the international community that its breach is recognized as a crime against the international community as a whole.

This crimes such as war crimes and crimes against peace and humanity, genocide, ecocide, and others. The fight against such crimes fall within the scope of competence of the Security Council primary responsibility for maintaining international peace and security, and on behalf of all UN member states. Subjects of international crimes are primarily state and individuals acting on its behalf and personally committed such crimes.

International crimes causing serious damage to the international legal order and ultimately relate to the interests of all or many countries. But they threat to the entire international community is much smaller than the threat to international peace and security is a characteristic element of international crimes.

The acquisition of the transnational nature of organized crime posed to humanity a lot of difficult problems. At the same time, the criminal process gave people another chance (maybe the last) to think seriously about the urgent need to change the style of relationships (both international and interpersonal). Good and evil are increasingly polarized and against the background of the first consolidation of all the dramatic consequences are contradictions between those who aspire to be a champion of good. Humanity no longer need to wait for the invasion of Martians to bring together in a common struggle. There was on Earth opponent who still threatens all countries of the world. Criminal realities strongly necessity to change the poles of confrontation, guidelines development.

Organized crime is immortal as long as do not change the moral and value systems of mankind. «Ever since the beginning of the last century was thrown into mass slogan «Enrich» moral disease krezomaniya (mania of wealth) which makes counting money ultimate goal of life and an indispensable condition of happiness, does not cease to evolve. The value of every human being is determined not so much by what he is as the fact that he has humanity like a demon possessed enrichment.