Summary

Subject of the thesis: The central role of Russia in the transformation of financial cooperation of the EAEU countries in the context of the world economy restructuring.

Author: Gogrichiani Zviad Shmagievich.

Academic Adviser: Romanko L.V. Assistant Professor, PhD, Economic Science

Organization: School of International Relations, Chair of International Relations, World Economy and International Law, Pyatigorsk State Linguistic University.

Relevance of the research issue is determined by the fact that Russia remains as a center of attraction for the countries of EAEU that increased under the influence of crisis. If EAEU countries do not want to lag behind in structural restructuring of the world economy based on a new technological way, their economic policies should focus on the modernization of production, strengthening the financial system and ensuring the stability of the national currency. Currency and financial cooperation will contribute to the achievement of these goals. And this cooperation is a necessary condition for improving the efficiency and competitiveness of the economy.

The object of study is currency and financial cooperation of EAEU countries.

The subject of research is the role of Russia in the strengthening of Eurasian Economic integration.

The purpose of the work is to define the role of Russia in the development of the currency and financial relations between the countries of the Eurasian Economic Union.

Research objectives:
- to assess the impact of the global financial and economic crisis on the economies of the EAEC;
- to outline prospects of the currency and financial cooperation of the EAEU countries;
- to show consolidating role of Russia in the development of the currency and financial cooperation among the countries of EAEU.

The scientific novelty is to develop ways to research and identify the regularities of influence of Russia on the transformation of economic cooperation between the EAEU countries in the context of the world economy restructuring.

The structure of the work consists of an introduction, two chapters, which include 6 paragraphs, conclusion, a 45 references bibliography. The total volume is 84 pages.

Abstract:
The development of the financial cooperation between countries of EAEU depends on the economic progress of Russia. Russia as the most powerful state of
the region should help other countries to overcome the crisis consequences and to develop their economies.

The ruble transformation into a regional reserve currency is a main factor for the development of the EAEU countries cooperation. The most important terms for Russian ruble to become a regional reserve currency: a) creating a diversified economy and a developed financial system; b) ensuring international confidence in the ruble as a full-fledged Russian national currency, not dependent on the oil prices and the dollar.

The functioning of the Customs Union of Belarus, Kazakhstan and Russia and the formation of a common economic space of these countries with the subsequent accession of Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Ukraine perhaps are aimed to the creation of the common market of goods, services, labour and capital.