Summary

Subject of the thesis: Project "Great Albania" as the basic ideology of modern foreign policy of Albania.

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The relevancy of the subject of the research. is its importance for understanding, general political and diplomatic processes currently taking place in the Balkan region and in South-Eastern Europe in general, as well as in the space of geopolitical interests of Russia, Turkey of the European Union and the United States. In addition, this dissertation study allows a deeper understanding of the political processes taking place both in Albania itself and in the area of residence of the Albanian ethnos associated with Tirana historically and ethnically close, but at the same time, internally contradictory connections.

The topic under study is part of a broader set of problems related to international relations in the Balkan Peninsula and in the region of South-East Europe as a whole. It is necessary to emphasize that it is the Albanian factor that is currently playing one of the key roles in determining the security architecture in the Balkan region, and this role will, in the long run, only increase due to its characteristics and the support that it enjoys from outside. In this regard, the understanding of the key mechanisms of Albania's foreign policy, including those aimed at the Albanian regions of the Balkans, helps not only to correctly assess the degree and nature of the threat stemming from the Albanian factor, but also to develop forward-looking forecasts of its future development and transformation.

The object of the research is the modern foreign policy of Albania.

The subject of research is the prospect of the project "Great Albania"

The purpose of the study is to analyze the foreign policy project "Great Albania".
The following **tasks** are set in relation with the above mentioned purpose of the research:

- to define the foundations and mechanisms for implementing the current foreign policy of Albania;
- to identify the main directions of the project "Great Albania";
- to prove that the "Great Albania" project is the main factor of the current political processes in the Balkans;
- to identify the role of extra-regional actors in the implementation of the Great Albania project;
- to formulate the prospects for the implementation of the Great Albania project.

**Scientific novelty** of the research consists in the fact that national interests of Turkey in the Balkan region were defined and were revealed that his main geopolitical aspirations are aimed at establishing control over the states like Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, and Kosovo), as well as to influence the muslim small ethnic groups (goranians, tarbeshians and pomakians).

The **provision** submitted for thesis defense:

1. The growing influence of Albanian fundamentalism on the Balkan region is revealed and it is proved that Albania is actively implementing its foreign policy within the framework of the concept of Great Albania;
2. the interest and activity of the activities of non-regional actors in the implementation of the Great Albania project has been determined and proven.

**The structure of work.** The work consists of an introduction, two chapters, which include two paragraphs in the first chapter and three in the second, conclusions and a bibliographic list of used literature.

The total amount of work is 107 pages of typewritten text.

The main results should be added the fact that geopolitics as the foundation of formation and realization of the state's foreign policy objectives is natural, and therefore irreversible character.
We can conclude that "Great Albania" with the leading idea "all Albanians in one state" is not only a belated example of 19th-century national romanticism, but also the issues of existing internationally recognized borders, threatens stability in the entire southeast of Europe and threatens cause a new, third Balkan war. The desire to create an ethnically pure Great Albania at any cost represents an even greater anachronism.

Albanian nationalists like the Albanian government generally do not like the term "Great Albania", preferring to talk about "ethnic Albania". This applies not only to Albania, Kosovo and Western Macedonia, but also to parts of Serbia and Montenegro. However, few Albanians are interested in creating a new state on this earth. For most, joining the European Union is a much more pressing issue.

The aggressive policy of Albanian expansionism would not be so realizable without a serious external influence factor. Indeed, the US and Turkey provide all-round support to Albanian movements.

It should be noted that the Albanian project is not an invention of the United States, but it is skillfully used by them in their interests. In the current situation, Washington has solved several tasks in the Balkans with one blow.