SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: The energy factor of modern geopolitical processes (through the example of energy dialogue between Russia and the EU)

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Relevance of the research issue: Nowadays active collaboration in the sphere of energy sector is one the main aspects of Russian and the European Union (the EU) cooperation. The EU country – members are the main importers of Russian energy resources. We can say for sure that collaboration in energy sector between Russia and the EU is very important because demand on energy resources in Russia and the EU increases though the production of hydrocarbons in the EU decreases while in Russia increases. The main idea of energy dialogue between the EU and Russia is the extension of long-term cooperation within the framework of the Partnership and Cooperation Agreement (the PCA). The energy dialogue is a very important aspect of this collaboration, including supplies of Russian energy resources to Central and West European countries with the involvement of European capital investments for the development of Russian energy sector.

The research purpose: to find out the content of energy aspect of Russian geopolicy on the European direction.

The research goals:
— to prove the fact that economical element is the basis of geostrategies of modern states;
— to find out geoeconomical purposes of Russia in the European direction;
— to determine importance of projects on energy resources supplying to the EU without Russian participation.

Scientific novelty of the research is determined by currency of concerned question, as well as by its purpose and goals and can be brought to the following:
— it was proved that economical element is the basis of geostrategies of modern states;
— were determined geoeconomical purposes of Russia in the European direction;
— was determined the importance of projects on energy resources supplying to the EU without Russia’s participation.

The research work structure: an introduction, the two chapters with three clauses in each, a conclusion and references 152 resources (forty of which are in foreign languages). The total volume of the research work is 102 pages.

Summary: In modern international geopolitical contradiction energy agency is the most important because the struggle for control over territories with large reserves of energy resources has become the main goal of the leading world states foreign-policies. The energy dialogue between the EU and Russia is aimed at the
maintenance of solidity, security and forecasting of their collaboration in energy sector on a long-term outlook in conditions of open market environment. All this will help to create favorable conditions which are necessary for long-term mutual investments into existed and re-produced manufacturing entities and transport infrastructure.

Flexible structure of energy dialogue between Russia and the EU facilitates the success and dynamism of this unique collaboration and allows leading constructive and open discussions in which representatives of Russia, the European Commission, country-members of the EU, representatives of business and industrial groups from Russia and the EU participate. Energy dialogue helps to resolve controversial issues and problems which appear in the process of the collaboration between Russia and the EU in the energy sector which in turn increases the stability of energy supplies and the strengthening of a mutually beneficial collaboration.