SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: China's national interests at the present stage.
Author: Stupnikova Anastasia Olegovna.
Academic Adviser: Adamova M.A., Assistant Professor, PhD, Political Science
Organization: School of International Relations, Chair of International Relations, Political Science and World Economy, Pyatigorsk State Linguistic University.

Relevance of the research issue is that fact in the spatial-geographical national interests of any state is not confined to only its own site. The processes that unfold in various regions of the near and far abroad can directly affect the security of the nation. So, along with domestic priorities and foreign countries have national interests.

According to the official statements of China in implementing its national interests, he operates a policy of "non-aggression" and "peaceful rise", but many researchers are concerned about the growth in its military spending and modernization of the armed forces, the increase and qualitative improvement of nuclear-missile potential of the country, as well as demonstrating clearly non-peaceful ways of solving the Taiwan and other issues. The main concern of researchers is that the implementation of the plans of China to stabilize its territorial, economic and political problems may involve a breach of a relatively stable situation in the region and the world and cause undesirable for many States, the escalation of international conflicts. Therefore, the study of existing national interests of China and the ways of their implementation at the present stage are relevant.

The purpose is to determine the priority of national interests of China at the present stage.

Research objectives:
- to analyze approaches to the concept of "national interest" of the state;
- to determine the structure and classification of national interests;
- to identify political and geopolitical factors in the formation of the national interests of China;
- to analyze China's national interests in the twenty-first century.

Scientific novelty:
- approaches to the concept of "national interests" were analyzed and it's shown that it is one of the basic categories in the theory and practice of foreign policy and interstate relations.
- we characterized China's national interests at the present stage, and shows that he aspires to become a leading world power not only in economic but also geopolitical sphere of international relations.

Structure: two chapters, two paragraphs, the conclusion, bibliography list of used literature from 73 sources, including 22 sources in foreign languages. The total volume is 57 pages.
Summary: In the last decades there is a noticeable strengthening of the position of China in the world economy and politics. The pace and features of development of the country lead to problems that require the Chinese leadership's early decision. Their decision is accompanied by the implementation of the state strategy on strengthening the military power of the country. The emergence of China as one of the world's largest economic powers, the strengthening of its national sovereignty gave rise to the ability to provide a comprehensive and increasing influence on the course of major international events, both regional and globally.

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National interests in foreign policy at the present stage are as follows: international security, which is achieved by the policy of mutual deterrence, providing protection from external threats, ensuring a dynamic and sustainable economic development, the formation of a positive image as a competent and influential actor in international relations.