SUMMARY

Subject of the thesis: China's foreign policy: Russian and American vectors.

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Relevance of the research issue: In the last two decades of the XX century, the international community has witnessed an impressive growth of Chinese positions on the international stage, especially in the economic field. These achievements of the country are of particular interest because they largely related to the conduct of the government strategy, which to a considerable extent is an alternative to other open and liberal model agreed upon by "transition" and some developing countries.

The essential feature of China's foreign policy is the constant search for non-violent, quite economical and yet effective, does not exclude the rigidity solutions and focus on individual relationships with individual states. China rarely acts himself with any major international initiatives. Usually, this country is not in a hurry with the estimates of world events, often taking a wait or neutral position.

The purpose of this study is to analyze relations with Russia and the United States as the key areas of China's foreign policy.

Research objectives:
- analyze the bases of formation and implementation of the foreign policy interests of modern states;
- study political and legal factors of the foreign policy of modern states;
- consider the theoretical basis of the formation of China's foreign policy;
- explore the Chinese foreign policy decision-making mechanism;
- analyze the situation and prospects of Russian-Chinese relations;
- analyze the situation and prospects of USA-Chinese relations.

Scientific novelty of research: identified the characteristic features the modern state of Russian-Chinese relations, and developed a new model of economic cooperation between the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China; analyzed characteristic features of modern US-China relations and the predicted the main prospects of their further development.

Structure: diploma study includes an introduction, two chapters, consisting of two or three paragraphs accordingly, conclusion, bibliography of references and appendices. The general volume of work is 97 pages of typewritten text.

Summary: The global geopolitical configuration is undergoing significant changes today, gradually leading roles begin to leave the country, who were a few decades ago, the underdeveloped countries. One of these countries is China, whose
powerful development that began 20 years has transformed China into a strong economic and political power, which already has a certain influence on their region and the global community as a whole.

Already, China has a serious authority in world politics considering that China has started its development only 40 years ago. China cooperates with all, if it is beneficial to China, regardless of their political orientation.

Considering that Russia has a long border with China, the Russian government is aware of the modern and the possible role of China in the world and is engaged in the question of building relations with China. Russian-Chinese relations, in political terms, are at a high level. Organizations based in cooperation, the SCO and BRICS demonstrates the willingness of both countries to build positive political relationships. Also signed cooperation agreements concluded at the beginning of two thousandth, indicate there is a positive dialogue between China and Russia. But despite the large number of positive aspects in the relations between China and Russia present a number of difficulties, forcing the country to hold a further positive cooperation.

At the present stage of development of international relations, one of key issues of multipolar world order is an American-Chinese vector. It is undeniable that its direction and the results have a significant impact on global civilization, military-political and economic development. Meanwhile, the question of what kind of character will wear the relationship between the US and China in the near future, expert assessments often do not converge, and, sometimes, diametrically opposed.

The mechanism of economic dialogue between the US and China is the most relevant in the context of cooperation between the two powers. The development of economic cooperation avoids individual differences in the ideological and political fields, to strengthen regional security. The agenda of economic dialogue consists of three main issues: macro-economic topics, the development of free trade arrangements and investment, financial stability and economic reforms.