Summary

Subject of the thesis: Foreign economic activity of Russia in the period of market reforms.

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Relevance of the research topic. Foreign trade activities is the most important sphere of life of any country, the main source of development of the national economy at the present stage. Developed countries, with a developed economy, receive most of their income and proceeds as a result of interaction in the international arena, and involvement in MRI.

The reform of the Russian economy, carried out in the 1990s, was the cause of global changes in the country's foreign economic life, in effect, which launched this previously virtually inactive sphere of the economy. As a result of the interaction of negative phenomena that have survived since the times of the USSR, with the problems created by the inept foreign economic policies of the ruling structures, the strongest problems have been generated for the rapid development of diversified export industries and the full involvement of Russia in MRI, which continue to this day. In addition, the enterprises and organizations of the country - were left to their own devices, did not have any support from the state, and now had to act according to the laws that are established in the international economy and suffer tough competition from foreign companies.

The object of study is foreign economic activity of the Russian Federation.

The subject of research is the evolution, current state and prospects for the further development of foreign economic activity in Russia.

The purpose of the work is to identify the features of the functioning of foreign economic activity of Russia, to analyze and describe its state in the modern period and period of market reforms, to determine the essence of existing problems and prospects for development.

Research objectives:
1. Define the theoretical aspects of foreign economic activity;
2. To study the basic forms of foreign trade activities;
3. Analyze foreign trade in the period of market reforms;
4. To substantiate the current state and ways of improving the foreign economic activity of the Russian Federation;
5. To study the state and development of FEA;
6. Identify the prospects for the development of FEA Republic of Dagestan;

The scientific novelty of the research is consists in proposing a set of measures aimed at increasing the competitiveness of the Russian economy.
Structure of the work. The thesis consists of content, introduction, three chapters, six paragraphs, conclusion and a bibliographic list comprising 80 sources. The total volume of the typewritten text is 75 pages.

Summary:
Outwardly, economic activity is an important part of the economy of any modern state, characterized by production and economic, trade, investment and other related activities.

Negative trends in the sphere of Russia's foreign economic relations resulted from a number of negative factors, the inheritance and aggravation of a number of crisis phenomena in the economy after the collapse of the USSR.

Only with the disposal of Russia from resource dependence in terms of foreign trade and the export of competitive products to the external markets did the Russian producer have some chance of gaining at least a significant place in international relations.

The economy of Dagestan, as well as foreign economic activity, has not yet received sufficient development and a role in the Russian economy. The republic remains subsidized, with a wide potential, expressed in the development of tourist and recreational zones, the revival of veteran enterprises currently in decline, and the construction of new enterprises.