Abstract

**Subject of the thesis:** Integration processes in the world economy: the prospects for Russia to maintain its leading positions in the EAE.

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**Relevance of the research topic.** Russia, together with some other post-Soviet countries, started to create its regional economic integration association. Due to this, the countries of the Eurasian Economic Union can study the experience of existing organizations and apply it for the further development of their integration association.

**The purpose of the research** is to determine the impact of integration processes on the development of national economy and to identify the possibility of using the world integration experience in the development of the Eurasian Economic Union.

**Research Objectives:**

- to analyze and systematize approaches to the study of regional integration processes;

- to consider the main theories of international economic integration and the main types of international integration associations;

- to analyze the state of modern integration associations from the point of view of the their presence of the country - the trade and economic leader;

- to determine the mechanism and consequences of economic integration for Russia;

- to form the concept of trade and economic leadership for Russia in the Eurasian Economic Union;

- to identify the opportunities for using the world integration experience of the Russian Federation to maintain the leading positions in the EAEU.

**The scientific novelty of the research** is in a comprehensive study of integration issues and the identification the opportunities for using Russian global integration experience within the EAEU.
The structure of the work consists of introduction, two chapters, which include three paragraphs each, a conclusion, a 171-reference bibliography (32 of them are in foreign languages). The total volume is 74 pages.

Summary
The Russian Federation is the trade and economic leader of the EAEU. In the foreign trade turnover of all countries of the Eurasian Economic Union, Russia takes leading positions almost every year. The Russian Federation is the leader of investments in the economy of Armenia and Belarus, the positions of investments in the economy of Kazakhstan and Kyrgyzstan are less strong. Russia took part in the creation of the Eurasian Economic Community, was one of the initiators and creators of the Eurasian integration.

Russia, as well as Germany in the EU, is a leader in the trade, economic, financial positions in the EAEU, but Russia has more leadership. Eurasian integration, as well as European integration, is necessary for neighboring states.

Russia can use the experience of the economic leaders of other integration associations (Germany in the EU, Brazil in SCM, the USA in NAFTA and the South African Republic in the SACU) for the development of Eurasian integration, as well as the experience of developing these integration associations in general.